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Approved For Release 2002/06/13: CIA-RDP79T01049A000200070006-3 31 August 1950 25X1A MEMORANDUM FOR: ATTENTION East Berlin Currency Panic SUBJECT REFERENCES 25X1A 1. Case reference (b) was a request for information on subject of this memorandum, but it is understood that more information is available in and it is 25X1 requested that this information be made available to this office. 2. Specifically, this office has a requirement for detailed information concerning the currency panic which took place in East Berlin last spring. This information should include: a. The political and economic conditions immediately preceding and during the panic which had a bearing on the panic. The immediate causes of the panic. c. What actually happened during the panic. (Newspaper accounts). d. An assessment of the political effects of the panic in respect of the Soviet zone. 3. A deadline of September 7 has been established for this information. If it is possible within this time limit, it is requested that your report be in writing.

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4. For your information, of this office on 25X1A

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is familiar with this request.

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IP-157

7 September 1950

## THE CURPENCY PANIC IN EAST BERLIN

## A. Political and Booncaic Conditions Immediately Prior to the Panid

During March, 1950, the time of the East Berlin financial panic, the German Demogratic Republic (CDR) was for in errears in its reporations shipments to the USSR, as well as tardy in its shipments of goods to Western Germany under torms of the Intersonal Trade Agreement. GDR trade authorities, during the first two weeks of March, were pressing strongly for renewal of negotiations for the elimination of the Allied-imposed embargo on steel shipments to the East, then in effect. Subsequent information has indicated that the East Zone was experiencing an acute shortage of steel during the first quarter of 1250.

The political situation was highlighted by a continuing exphasis on the Mational Front campaign for the political conquest of West Curmany and Hest Berlin and a purging from the bourgeois parties of all leaders emocoperative with the SED-dominated regime.

Although the economic factors mentioned above indicate a generally unsatisfactory state of affairs in the Saviet Zone economy in March, 1950, there is little evidence that this general situation was the direct cause of the brief financial penic in East Berlin during the third week of that month.

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A.	The	Immediate	Center	œ.	Page	4

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Immediately prior to the pasts,	
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indicated a general expectation of a currency referm on or about 25 March 1950. Preliminary remove of the impending currency conversion alleged that the GDR was planning to place stamps on all outstanding currency, and to reissue a new currency on the basis of one/up to 70 Marks. The remainder mas to be deposited in bank accounts, the cumers being permitted to draw on accounts after an investigation for possible black-market activities. These runors soon became widespread and caused Bast Berlin banking authorities to issue flat denials of any impending conversion and to account West Berlin exchange office bankers and the West Berlin Engistrat of irresponsible speculative menouvering.

## C. The Pacts of the Penis

From 10 Merch to 16 Merch, the East Newk showed a gradual scalaring, the
East Merk rate as quoted in the currency exchange offices of West Berlin
planneting sharply from 1 DE West, 7-10 DE Bast on 16 Merch to 1 DE West 9 DE
East on 18 Merch. The atmosphere on Friday, Saturday, Nerch 17-18, was played
up by both East and West Berlin papers as "penicky." The facts of the situation may be briefly summarized as follows: (1) Various people were unloading
large sums of East Mercs. The Ber Terk Times reported that, groups of people,
mashering from 300 to 100, appeared before currency costumps affices seeking

to exchange Nest Marks for East Marks. (2) Not until the rate was considered favorable by Nest sector residents for covering their possible East sector purchases did Nest Mark efferings eliab to approach a closer balance with East Mark efferings. As a possible of purchases unde by Nest Mark March in the East mark relied during the period 20 March-22 March. (3) On 22 March, the East Mark had returned to the 16 March level, memoly 1 DE Nest...

7.40 - 7.60 DE East.

Beyond question, the stores (especially the HD stores) in the downtown section of the East sector were favored with a tremendous rush of purchasers from Nest Burlin on Friday, Saturday, and Monday, the 17th, 18th and 20th of March. Stockings, liquor, furniture, and various household items were smong the goods Nest Burliners found it advantageous to buy in HD stores. The increase in sales of serchandise in East sector stores was further sugmented by residents of the East sens and East sector who sought to turn their East Marks into mores of various kinds against possible fature lapses of the currency.

## B. Agreement of Political Riflect of the Paule

Although the HD shops were Severed by this sudden rush of business at the expense of Nest Berlin serobants, all Seviet-Lir eased savapapers during the paried reflected the exhaurement of the Seviet authorities over the East Mark's fall. The reduction of HD store prices on 27 March may have been instituted in an attempt to direct popular attention may from this dealine in currency values.

When the removed consumption date passed without incident, the East Nork had rises to its fermer level relative to the East Nork. Since that date, the East Nork has fluctuated between \$-50 - 7 BM Easts 1 BM Norte